

### **Annexure – 3 (of KYC Document)**

#### **RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF MEMBERS, AUTHORIZED PERSONS AND CLIENTS as prescribed by SEBI and Commodity Exchanges**

1. The client shall invest/trade in those commodities /contracts/other instruments admitted to dealings on the Exchanges as defined in the Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules/ Regulations of Exchanges/SEBI and circulars/notices issued there under from time to time.
2. The Member, Authorized Person and the client shall be bound by all the Rules, Byelaws and Business Rules of the Exchange and circulars/notices issued there under and Rules and Regulations of SEBI and relevant notifications of Government authorities as may be in force from time to time.
3. The client shall satisfy himself of the capacity of the Member to deal in commodities and/or deal in derivatives contracts and wishes to execute its orders through the Member and the client shall from time to time continue to satisfy itself of such capability of the Member before executing orders through the Member.
4. The Member shall continuously satisfy itself about the genuineness and financial soundness of the client and investment objectives relevant to the services to be provided.
5. The Member shall take steps to make the client aware of the precise nature of the Member's liability for business to be conducted, including any limitations, the liability and the capacity in which the Member acts.
6. Requirements of professional diligence
  - a. The Member must exercise professional diligence while entering into a financial contract or discharging any obligations under it.
  - b. "professional diligence" means the standard of skill and care that a Member would be reasonably expected to exercise towards a Client, commensurate with-
    - i. honest market practice;
    - ii. the principle of good faith;
    - iii. level of knowledge, experience and expertise of the Client;
    - iv. the nature and degree of risk embodied in the financial product\* or financial service being availed by the Client; and
    - v. the extent of dependence of the Client on the Member.

\*Commodity derivative contract

7. The Authorized Person shall provide necessary assistance and co-operate with the Member in all its dealings with the client(s).



## CLIENT INFORMATION

8. The client shall furnish all such details in full as are required by the Member in "Account Opening Form" with supporting details, made mandatory by commodity exchanges/SEBI from time to time.

9. The client shall familiarize himself with all the mandatory provisions in the Account Opening documents. Any additional clauses or documents specified by the Member shall be non-mandatory; therefore, subject to specific acceptance by the client.

10. The client shall immediately notify the Member in writing if there is any change in the information in the 'account opening form' as provided at the time of account opening and thereafter; including the information on winding up petition/insolvency petition or any litigation which may have material bearing on his capacity. The client shall provide/update the financial information to the Member on a periodic basis.

### 11. A. Protection from unfair terms in financial contracts\*\*

a. An unfair term of a non-negotiated contract will be void.

b. A term is unfair if it –

- i. causes a significant imbalance in the rights and obligations of the parties under the financial contract, to the detriment of the Client; and
- ii. is not reasonably necessary to protect the legitimate interests of the Member.

c. The factors to be taken into account while determining whether a term is unfair, include –

- i. the nature of the financial product or financial service dealt with under the financial contract;
- ii. the extent of transparency of the term;

\*\*contracts offered by commodity exchanges

- iii. the extent to which the term allows a Client to compare it with other financial contracts for similar financial products or financial services; and
- iv. the financial contract as a whole and the terms of any other contract on which it is dependent.

d. A term is transparent if it –

- i. is expressed in reasonably plain language that is likely to be understood by the Client;
- ii. is legible and presented clearly; and
- iii. is readily available to the Client affected by the term.



e. If a term of a financial contract is determined to be unfair under point 11.A.c, the parties will continue to be bound by the remaining terms of the financial contract to the extent that the financial contract is capable of enforcement without the unfair term.

11.B.

a. "Non-negotiated contract" means a contract whose terms, other than the terms contained in point 11.C. (given below) are not negotiated between the parties to the financial contract and includes –

- i. a financial contract in which, relative to the Client, the Member has a substantially greater bargaining power in determining terms of the financial contract; and
- ii. a standard form contract.

b. "Standard form contract" means a financial contract that is substantially not negotiable for the Client, except for the terms contained in point 11.C.

c. Even if some terms of a financial contract are negotiated in form, the financial contract may be regarded as a non-negotiated contract if so indicated by –

- i. an overall and substantial assessment of the financial contract; and
- ii. the substantial circumstances surrounding the financial contract

d. In a claim that a financial contract is a non-negotiated contract, the onus of demonstrating otherwise will be on the Member.

11. C.

a. The above does not apply to a term of a financial contract if it –

- i. defines the subject matter of the financial contract;
- ii. sets the price that is paid, or payable, for the provision of the financial product or financial service under the financial contract and has been clearly disclosed to the Client; or
- iii. is required, or expressly permitted, under any law or regulations.

b. The exemption under point 11.C does not apply to a term that deals with the payment of an amount which is contingent on the occurrence or non- occurrence of any particular event

12. The Member and Authorized Person shall maintain all the details of the client as mentioned in the account opening form or any other information pertaining to the client, confidentially and that they shall not disclose the same to any person/authority except as required under any law/regulatory requirements. Provided however that the Member may so disclose information about his client to any person or authority with the express permission of the client.



### 13. A. Protection of personal information and confidentiality

a. "Personal information" means any information that relates to a Client or allows a Client's identity to be inferred, directly or indirectly, and includes –

- i. name and contact information;
- ii. biometric information, in case of individuals
- iii. information relating to transactions in, or holdings of, financial products
- iv. information relating to the use of financial services; or
- v. such other information as may be specified.

### 13. B.

a. A Member must –

- i. not collect personal information relating to a Client in excess of what is required for the provision of a financial product or financial service;
- ii. maintain the confidentiality of personal information relating to Clients and not disclose it to a third party, except in a manner expressly permitted under point 13.B.b.;
- iii. make best efforts to ensure that any personal information relating to a Client that it holds is accurate, up to date and complete;
- iv. ensure that Clients can obtain reasonable access to their personal information, subject to any exceptions that the Regulator may specify; and
- v. allow Clients an effective opportunity to seek modifications to their personal information to ensure that the personal information held by the Member is accurate, up to date and complete.

b. A Member may disclose personal information relating to a Client to a third party only if –

- i. it has obtained prior written informed consent of the Client for the disclosure, after giving the Client an effective opportunity to refuse consent;
- ii. the Client has directed the disclosure to be made;
- iii. the Regulator has approved or ordered the disclosure, and unless prohibited by the relevant law or regulations, the Client is given an opportunity to represent under such law or regulations against such disclosure;
- iv. the disclosure is required under any law or regulations, and unless prohibited by such law or regulations, the Client is given an opportunity to represent under such law or regulations against such disclosure;
- v. the disclosure is directly related to the provision of a financial product or financial service to the Client, if the Member –

